Characterizes Spice The Globe.

Daily Globe.

Is Found In News The Globe.

VOL. XI. SAINT PAUL, MINN., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 10, 1889. NO. 191.

SWEPT BY TORRENTS

Sequel to the Conemaugh Valley Catastrophe in Central New York.

Rains Convert Creeks Into Raging Rivers That Burst Their Bounds.

A Singular Coincidence Is That Johnstown Is the Stricken City.

Adjacent Towns Submerged, and Many People Believed to Have Perished.

JOHNSTOWN, N. Y., July 9.—A heavy rain has been falling since early this afternoon. The downpour caused the Cayudatta creek to become a raging torrent, which soon burst its bounds. Two dams gave way, being unable to withstand the enormous pressure. On swept the torrent, taking with it the several skin factories along its banks, valued at many hundred of thousands of dollars. A number of buildings and outhouses were also swept away. The Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville railroad loses some seven or eight bridges. There was another bridge crossing the creek, and on it, viewing the flood, were some thirty or forty people. The torrent, with increased power, tore the bridge from its foundations, hurling them into the seething flood beneath. At this writing it is impossible to ascertain the number saved, but it is believed that many of them perished. At Fonda the Central Hudson railroad bridge was carried away almost bodily, taking with it the telegraph wires, so that it is almost impossible to hold communication between Fonda and the surrounding towns. The electric light works, situated a few miles from Johnstown, are flooded to-night and the city is in darkness. Information from Fonda says the water is three feet deep in the streets. Rain is still falling. A dispatch received by the New York Central Railroad company officials in this city to-night contains but meager information. They do not vary in the main from the above. Trains from the west are canisderably delayed in consequence of the flood.

CAUSED BY A CLOUDBURST.

Railroad Tracks Washed Out and All Communications Cut Off.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., July 9.—A cloudburst washed away the Central railroad tracks between Aikens and Tribes Hill stations, about five miles west of Amsterdam, this afternoon, causing a delay to all trains. The wreck of a freight train which blocked all four tracks in the morning had just been cleared, and delayed trains began to move both east and west, when some of them were caught by this new mishap and a second blockade occurred more serious than the first. The west-bound limited and two other express trains which left here about 3 o'clock in the afternoon came back here between 7 and 8 o'clock, and were sent west over the West Shore road. It seems impossible to get any particulars here this evening as to how bad the break is, or how long it will take to repair it. Some of the trains hurrying to make up lost time narrowly escaped the cloudburst, but they did escape. One house was partially washed away, but no lives have been lost. There is no wire west of Amsterdam, and there is a rumor that the storm extended to Johnstown, in Fulton county.

ASSUMING A BAD ASPECT.

Mills and Sheds Being Carried Away at Johnstown.

TROY, N. Y., July 9.—At 12 to-night rain is falling in torrents in Johnstown, and the flood is assuming a terrible aspect. Mills and sheds are being carried rapidly away. It is beginning to rain here (Troy), and looks to be a heavy storm.

HASN'T BEEN HEARD FROM.

TROY, N. Y., July 10, 12:30 a. m.—A reporter who started out on the 11 p. m. train from Albany to get obtainable facts about the storm roundabout Fonda and Johnstown, has not been heard from since. Amsterdam, however, telephones that there are no trains west of that point on account of the washout. The telephone is our only reliance for news of the effects of the storm, as it has been thus far to-night.

TROY, July 10—2 a. m.—The long distance telephone wires went down. Nothing more to-night.

CANNOT BE REACHED.

Telegraph and Telephone Wires Leveled by the Storm.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Efforts to communicate with any point within the localities of Johnstown, N. Y., and Amsterdam, where rumors would lead to the impression that there has been a disaster of no small proportions, are unavailing on account of the fact that the telegraph wires throughout the section have been destroyed. Some reports have reached here that a cyclone caused the disaster, while a more serious character is given to the story by indefinite and, as yet, unconfirmed rumors that there has been considerable loss of life.

All Trains Delayed.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 9.—Owing to the freshet having carried away the bridge of the New Central railroad at Fonda passenger trains have to be run around the break by way of the West Shore track from Athens Junction, and considerable delay is caused.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 9.—Trains from the east on the New York Central are six hours overdue.

Tracks Washed Away.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 10.—Dispatches received over the railroad wire here says that tracks are washed away at Tribes Hill, and a bridge is gone. One Central-Hudson train from the East took the West Shore track and was four hours and a half late at this city. General Roadmaster Otis, of the Central, has left Buffalo for the scene of the disaster. He passed through here at 2 a. m.

Shaken by an Explosion.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., July 9.—The buildings of this town were violently shaken to-day, as were also the buildings in the adjacent villages, by a terrific explosion. The shock resembled at earthquake. The disturbance was caused by the blowing up of the Rand Drill company's powder house. No one was injured, and but little or no damage was done to property.

LOOKS BAD FOR BURKE.

Young Carlson Positively Identifies the Winnipeg Suspect.

WINNIPEG, Man., July 9.—In the Burke extradition case to-day, John M. Broderick, a detective of Chicago, said there had been no reward offered for Burke's capture. Charles J. Carlson, whose evidence was required to complete the story of Burke's alleged connection with Dr. Cronin's murder, and who arrived from Chicago by the noon train, was next called to testify. After he had been sworn Mr. Howell asked:

"Do you know the prisoner?"

"Yes."

"Where is he?"

"There," said Carlson, pointing his hand directly at the prisoner, who was sitting alongside of Mr. Perdue.

"What is his name?" asked Mr. Howell.

"To me it is Frank Williams," said Carlson.

That was the point the prosecution desired to establish—namely, that Frank Williams and Martin Burke were one and the same man. When Carlson entered the witness box Burke hung his head, and when the witness pointed him out and uttered the name Frank Williams, a deep blush suffused Burke's face. Witness then proceeded to tell the story of the renting of the Carlson cottage by the prisoner. Being cross-examined by Mr. Perdue, the witness said that he had been taken out into the courthouse yard by Officer Collins before coming into court to see if he could recognize anybody coming out of the jail, and he had recognized the prisoner. He also had recognized the prisoner from a group photographed in Chicago. By the time Mr. Perdue got through with the witness it was 6 o'clock and Mr. Howell expressed the supposition to his lordship that he would not take any more evidence until to-morrow. The judge replied that if the prosecution had any more evidence to put in they had better do so at once, as he was disposed to go on. After a brief consultation Mr. Howell said: "That's our case, your lordship." This announcement was received with satisfaction, and even Burke gave a sigh of relief. Judge Bain asked Mr. Campbell if he desired to put in any evidence in behalf of Burke, and Campbell stated that he did not. The court then adjourned until 7:30, when the voluminous evidence was read to the prisoner, according to the statutes. At the conclusion of the reading Burke entered a plea of not guilty. Arguments will be heard to-morrow.

After the reading of the evidence to-night, the judge asked Burke the formal question, if he had anything to say. Burke answered somewhat nervously: "Not guilty, my lord. I don't know anything about the matter." On advice of his counsel he refused to sign the statement.

WILL AID THE PROSECUTION.

CHICAGO, July 9.—A special secret meeting of the executive committee of the citizens' association was held today. State's Attorney Longenecker was present. The committee desired to keep its action from the public, but the fact was definitely ascertained that a decision was reached to raise a large fund to aid in the prosecution of Dr. Cronin's murderers.

COLORADO CORRUPTIONISTS.

Doings of Centennial State Officials Being Investigated by the Grand Jury.

DENVER, Col., July 9.—It is learned that most of the time of the present grand jury has been occupied in investigation of charges of corruption made against certain state officials and members of the last legislature, regarding the purchase of furniture for the legislative building; stationery and other supplies for members of the assembly and public printing which, during the ninety days' session, aggregated $60,000. In the absence of Secretary of State James Rice, who is East, the grand jury demanded of his deputy, J. J. Wyatt, the keys to the rooms where the furniture in question is said to be stored, for the purpose of continuing their investigations. Mr. Wyatt disregarded the demands of the jury and was arrested for contempt. To-day he was arraigned before Judge Stone, of the criminal court, found guilty and sentenced to ten days in the county jail and a fine of $100. His honor concluded by saying he would remit the jail sentence, providing Wyatt turned over the keys on or before 4 p. m. to-morrow. It is understood the defendant will carry the matter to the higher courts.

DIED FOR HIS LOVE.

Social Circles in Leavenworth Shocked by a Double Tragedy.

LEAVENWORTH, Kas., July 9.—A terrible double tragedy occurred here to-night. Some two months ago Miss Eva Currie was married to George B. Calahan. Previous to her marriage, William Parish, a young man without means or occupation, was a suitor for her hand. A few nights after her marriage Parish attempted to commit suicide in a house of ill-fame, but did not succeed. To-night he went to Mrs. Calahan's house about 10:30 and called Mrs. Calahan to the porch. When she appeared he drew a revolver and fired, shooting her in the left breast, killing her instantly. Parish fled to a low dive, and at midnight shot himself through the head just as the officers were entering the house in search of him. He is dead.

Both Will Die.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., July 9.—At Blackmar, this county, yesterday, Charles Blackmar, while drunk, shot his mother, aged seventy-five years. A grandson of the woman seized a gun and discharged its contents into Charles' breast. Mother and son are dying. Al Blackmar, the husband of the woman and founder of the place in which they live, formerly resided in Buffalo, and was a wealthy maltster.

He Floated Bogus Paper.

COLEBROOK, N. H., July 9.—Elmon H. Williams, formyrly a successful business man of this place, has left town, and his business is in an unsatisfactory shape. From $75,000 to $80,000 of his paper is said to be out, with alleged fraudulent indorsement of some sort. It is alleged that the burning of the records at Lancaster, N. H., gave him an opportunity to place second mortgages. His transactions were principally with banks in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont.

Arsenic in the Stomachs.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., July 9.—Startling revelations are being made in the insurance murder cases at Pittson. The bodies of Mr. and Mrs. McGlynn were exhumed this morning, and a chemist has found arsenic in the stomach of the woman. The other body has not been examined. Edward McGlynn, son of the murdered people, and his wife are still in jail.

EDGERTON'S CHOICE.

President of the Sioux Falls Convention Announces Committees.

Republicans Spring a Peculiar Scheme Upon the Statemakers at Helena.

They Want All County Officers to Serve Their Full Terms.

Delegate Rinnear Stirs Up the Animals in the Convention at Olympia

Special to the Globe.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., July 9.—After prayer by the chaplain, and the reading of the journal, President Edgerton announced his committees as follows:

Legislative Appointment—Van Tashel, of Sanborn; Parker, of Fall River; O'Brien, of Lawrence; Thompson, of Lawrence; McKusick, of Roberts; Culver, of Marshall; Heninger, of Brown; Stroupe, of Brown; Davis, of Edmunds; Lee, of Spink; Hall, of Sully; Huntly, of Jerauld; Wills, of Aurora; Mason, of Kingsbury; Clough, of Coddington; Atkinson, of Brookings; Lyon, of Miner; Williamson, of Moody; Coates, of Minnehaha; Fowler, of Lincoln; Ringsrud, of Union; Edgerton, of Yankton; Zeitka, of Bonhomme; Houlton, of Douglas; Diefendorf, of McCook.

Judiciary—Sterling, of Spink; Humphrey, of Faulk; Williams, of Bonhomme; Cooper, of Beadle; Ramsey, of Sanborn; Carson, of Lawrence; Wood, of Pennington; Sherwood, of Clark; Van Buskirk, of Coddington; Bordahl, of Minnehaha; Eddy, of Menera; Harris, of Yankton; Fellows, of Aurora.

Schedule—Hall, of Beadle; Jelley, of Clay; Spooner, of Kingsbury; Stoddard, of Mead; Westcott, of Deul; Dickinson, of Day; Boucher, of McPherson; Stoddard, of Brown; Couchman, of Wallworth; Wood, of Spink; Whitbeck, of Potter; Huntly, of Hand; Fellows, of Aurora; Jeffreys, of Clark; Poeck, of Hamlin; Parker, of Fall River; Carson, of Lawrence; Berdahle, of Minnehaha; Van Epps, of Minnehaha; Buechler, of Hutchinson; Smith, of Charleston; Ramsey, of Sanborn; Murphy, of Hanson; McFarland, of Lincoln; Eddy, of Minea.

Name, Boundaries and Seat of Government—Straus, of Brown, Edgerton, of Yankton; Van Epps, of Minnehaha; Kimball, of Clay; Murphy, of Hanson; Williams, of Bon Homme; Wheeler, of Butte.

State, County and Municipal Indebtedness—Sherwood, of Clark; Jolly, of Clay; Van Epps, of Minnehaha; Ramsey, of Sanborn; Deifendorf, of McCook; Lee, of Spink; Spooner, of Kingsburg; Stroupe, of Brown; Clough, of Codington.

Executive and Legislative—Wescott, of Deuel; Dickinson, of Day; Craig, of Campbell; Anderson, of Hand; Downing, of Brookings; Gifford, of Minnehaha; Murphy, of Hand.

Legislative—McFarland, of Lincoln; Ramsey, of Sanborn; Zeitka, of Bonn Homme; Jolly, of Clay; Cook, of Marshall; Coats, of Minnehaha; Lyon, of Miner.

Bill of Rights—Spooner, of Kingsbury; Van Buskirk, of Coddington; Jeffrys, of Clark; Henninger, of Brown; Dickinson, of Day.

Election and Suffrage—Stoddard, of Brown; Craig, of Cambell; Cook, of Marshall; Wescott, of Deuel; Scholard, of Meade; O'Brien, of Lawrence; Whitcock, of Potter.

Federal Relations—Murphy, of Hanson; Houlton, of Douglas; Sherwood, of Clark; Harris, of Yankton; Kimball, of Clay.

Education and School Lands—Coats, of Minnehaha; Humphrey, of Faulk; Williamson, of Moody; Young, of Lake; Downing, of Brookings; Peck, of Hamlin; Mason, of Kingsbury; Culver, of Marshall; Huntley, of Jerauld.

Municipal Corporations—Hall, of Sully; Wood, of Spkink; Atkinson, of Brookings; Cooper, of Beadle; Fellows, of Aurora.

Corporations Other Than Banking and Municipal—Dickenson, of Day; Thompson, of Lawrence; Stroupe, of Brown; Goddard, of McCook; Joly, of Clay; Whitlock, of Potter; Von Buskirk, of Coddington.

County and Township Organizations—Whitlock, of Potter; Atkinson, of Brookings; Eddy, of Miner; Berndahl, of Minnehaha; Ramsey, of Sanborn; Culver, of Marshall; Fellows, of Aurora.

Revenue and Finance—Zeitka, of Bonhomme; Harris, of Yankton; Ringsrud, of Union; Van Epps, of Minnehaha; Boucher, of McPherson.

Public Accounts and Expenditure—Ringsrud, of Union; Scholard, of Mead; Williams, of Bonhomme; Williamson, of Moody; Henniger, of Brown; Davies, of Edwards; Willis, of Aurora.

State Insitutions and Public Buildings—Young, of Lake; Van Epps, of Minnehaha; Hartley, of Hand; Downing, of Brookings; Smith, of Charles Mix; Wood, of Spink; Anderson, of Hand; Buechler, of Hutchinson; Wood, of Pennington.

Mines, Mining and Water Rights—O'Brien, of Lawrence; Parker, of Fall River; Wheeler, of Butte; Young, of Lake; Jeffries, of Clark; Couchman, of Woolworth; Fowler, of Lincoln.

Roads, Bridges and Other Internal Improvements—Smith, of Charles Mix; Ringsrud, of Union; Berdahe, of Minnehaha; Atkinson, of Brookings; Anderson, of Hand; Couchman, of Woolworth; Craig, of Campbell.

Exemptions—Buechler, of Hutchinson; Fowler, of Lincoln; Coats, of Minnehaha; Lyon, of Lake; Pecke, of Hamlin; Jeffries, of Clark; Cooper, of Beadle; Chever, of Marshall; Beninger, of Brown.

Rights of Married Women—Willis, of Aurora; Hall, of Sully; Davies, of Edmunds; Craig, of Campbell; Wheeler, of Butte; Thompson, of Lawrence; Dupendorf, of McCook.

Banking and Currency—Davies, of Edmunds; Hinckley, of Jerauld; McKusic, of Roberts; Gifford, of Minnehaha; McFarland, of Lincoln; Buerchler, of Hutchinson; Ramsey of Sanborn.

Military Affairs—Clough, of Coddington; Matson, of Kingsbury; Lee, of Spink; McKusic, of Roberts; Zeitka, of BonHomme; Goodard, of McCook; Kimball, of Clay.

Amendments and Revision of the Constitution—Boucher, of McPherson, Stoddard, of Brown; Cook, of Marshall; O'Brien, of Lawrence; Downing, of Brookings; Gifford, of Minnehaha; Harris, of Yankton.

Printing—Humphrey, of Faulk; Hale, of Beadle; Sterling, of Spink; Couch, of Woolworth; Hall, of Sully.

Seal—Houlton, of Douglas; Zeitka, of Bonhomme; Kimball, of Clay; McCusick, of Roberts; Scholard, of Mead; Humphrey, of Faulk; Wood, of Spink.

Miscellaneous Subjects—Eddy, of Miner; Van Tassel, of Sanborn; Hartley, of Hand; Cooke, of Marshall; Stoddard, of Brown; Williams, of Bon Homme; Parker, of Fall River.

Compensation of Public Officers—Williamson, of Moody; Fowler, of Lincoln; McKusic, of Roberts; Anderson, of Hand; Spooner, of Kingsbury; Thompson, of Lawrence; Wood, of Pennington.

Arrangements and Phraseology—Carson, of Lawrence; Goddard, of McCook; Boucher, of McPherson; Willis, of Aurora; Cooper, of Beadle; Mattson, of Kingsbury; Van Buskirke, of Coddington; Wood, of Pennington; Young, of Lake.

Manufactures and Agricultural—Lee, of Spinke; Whitlocke, of Potter; Wescott, of Deuel; Lyon, of Miner; Gifford, of Minnehaha; Kimball, of Clay; Edgerton, of Yankton; Diefendorf, of McCook; Smith, of Charles Mix.

Expenses of the Convention—Huntley, of Jerauld; Parker, of Fall River; Fellows, of Aurora; Jeffries, of Clark; Williamson, of Moody; McFarland, of Lincoln; Sherwood, of Clark.

Engrossment and Enrollment—Hartley, of Hand; Peck, of Hamlin; Lyon, of Lake; Bordahl, of Minnehaha; Wheeler, of Butte.

The "probate" commissioners did not go to Bismarck to-day, owing to the adjournment of the convention. The chairman said the commission would probably leave before Thursday. The commission on boundaries will have charge of the dispute on the seventh parallel location. Williams, of Bon-Homme, to-day presented a petition from his county asking "That compulsory military service be excluded from the constitution." Father Lee invited the members of the convention to a prohibition lecture at a time to be announced by him. The invitation was received with cheers, after which the convention adjourned.

OPPOSED TO TRUSTS.

Delegate Rinnear Stirs Up the Olympia Convention.

OLYMPIA, W. T., July 9.—It made the delegates open their eyes here to-day after President Hoyt had called the constitutional convention to order this afternoon at 2 o'clock and announced his committees. The voluminous report of the committee on rules had been read and acted upon, and a fight over the election of a Journal clerk had been decided on the third ballot, when John Rinnear, of Seattle, introduced a resolution to prevent the formation of trusts and combinations, which he characterized as among the worst of existing and growing evils of the day, and unless checked liable to retard the progress of a new state. His resolution called forth a reference to a special committee, which is instructed to report favorably a clause for the constitution prohibiting any incorporated company from contracting any agreement with any other corporation the purpose of which would be to establish the price on any article of commerce, the penalty to be the forfeiture of their property and franchise. This resolution was met with slight filibustering but eventually went to the corporation committee of which Rinnear is chairman. Many of the delegates oppose the idea of instructing the committee at all, but that is probably a pretext under which to cloak their opposition in the service of corporations. Sullivan, of Tacoma, attempted to block the motion of reference of Judge Henry, of Olympia, by raising a point of order and Griffith, of Spokane Falls, called for a yea and nay vote. The motion for reference was carried by a vote of 43 to 23.

GODDARD IS NERVY.

A Republican Scheme to Enable County Officers in Montana to Hold Over.

Special to the Globe.

HELENA, Mont., July 9.—The constitutional convention has at last gotten down to work. The first resolution of consequence introduced was by Goddard, of Yellowstone county, providing that the county officers elected last fall for two years should serve until the end of their term. The resolution was referred to a committee. In the landslide of last fall nine-tenths of the counties in Montana elected Republican officers, and the Republican delegates will favor their retaining office, knowing that a new election would not result so generally in their favor. A resolution offered by Watson, of Fergus county, on the subject of trusts and combinations, was referred. Considerable time was spent in the discussion of the subject of the stenographers' pay and that of his assistants. The convention accepted the invitation of the citizens of Great Falls to visit that place the 12th inst., where they will be banqueted.

MINNESOTA'S CHAUTAUQUA.

The Rain Fails to Keep the People Away.

Special to the Globe.

WASECA, June 9.—The rains of last night and early morning had no tendency to dampen the ardor of those engaged in intellectual advancement at Maplewood Park, and, notwithstanding the heavy shower, the morning classes were fully attended at the usual hours. Many who were attracted to the park owing to the exercises of yesterday were unable to depart on account of the heavy rains, and are still here eagerly participating in to-day's exercises. Many new arrivals are noticeable, prominent among whom are Rev. J. J. Christ and family, of Spring Valley, Minn.; Dr. Holman, St. Paul; Rev. J. L. Cory, E. A. Knowlton, Esq., and Rev. F. Doran, of Rochester, Minn.; Rev. H. E. Chase and family and Rev. Dr. Kule. At 11 a. m. Leon H. Vincent delivered his lecture, entitled "Great Libraries and Great Librarians," to a large audience in the auditorium. The lecture was interesting throughout, and the speaker was repeatedly applauded. Rev. E. L. Eaton delivered a lecture entitled "The Witch of Eudor" to a large and appreciative audience. The one thing noticeable is the attendance at the lectures, all of which draw large houses. At 4 p. m. Prof. Hillman, of St. Paul, exhibited in the normal hall his wonderful phonograph or talking machine. A large crowd of anxious sight-seers viewed that wonderful invention. At 8 p. m. C. E. Bolton, a man not unknown to the Waseca assembly, made his first appearance at this assembly in his lecture entitled "Reunited Germany and Heroic Louise." The large audience which greeted the speaker was treated to an intellectual feast of historical facts eloquently delivered. The speaker received much applause during the intervals between the lectures. The ladies' quartette of St. Paul is the leading attraction, and certainly merits the great praise bestowed upon it.

McClure's Capital Scheme.

Special to the Globe

BISMARCK, N. D., July 9.—The fact has just leaked out that Edtor McClure, of Devil's Lake, is here in the interest of a capital removal scheme, and that he has secured the pledges of more than two-thirds of the members of the convention to vote for a plank in the constitution submitting the question to a vote of the people.

Goodhue Prohibitionists.

Special to the Globe.

RED WING, July 9.—The Prohibitionists held a county convention here today, Rev. J. W. Hancock presiding, and Dr. C. Hobart acting as secretary. Exercises were half through the day, and this evening an address was delivered by Walter T. Mills of Chicago.

Instantly Killed.

Special to the Globe.

RED WING, July 9.—A boy seven years old, named Willie Phelps, was thrown from a water tank wagon at his home at Bay City, Wis., and almost instantly killed, the wagon passing over his body.

Luck Was Against Him.

Specials to the Globe.

ASHLAND, Wis., July 9.—A Finnish laborer employed at the Iron belt mine fell down the shaft seventy-five feet into a pool of water to-day and was drowned.

Wyoming Wants Statehood.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 9.—Wyoming is moving on toward statehood. The election of delegates to the constitutional convention, held yesterday, resulted in the choice of thirty-six Republicans, sixteen Democrats and three Independents. The convention will meet Sept. 2. The desire for state government is general.

Canada's Crops.

TORONTO, Ont., July 9.—Crop reports received from all parts of Ontario and a few points in Western Quebec show that fall wheat will be more than an average crop, spring wheat, barley and oats an average one, peas slightly below the average, roots average and fruits almost a failure.

BILKED HIS FRIENDS.

L. J. Newald Skips From Chippewa Falls With Pockets Well Lined.

It Is Estimated That He Is Ahead Something Like $80,000.

One of General Grant's Old Friends Dies Suddenly at La Crosse.

The First Regiment Goes Into Camp at Lake City in the Rain.

Special to the Globe.

CHIPPEWA FALLS, Wis., July 9.—L. J. Newald, a prominent politician and horse dealer of this city, has been missing since the Fourth, and many citizens are anxiously seeking information that would lead to his whereabouts. His absence has excited considerable comment and excitement, owing to the fact that between ten and twelve prominent residents are in "the soup" for a total sum exceeding $25,000. Newald has always been looked upon as a man with large credit, and has generally been prompt in his payments. Owing to the reputation he acquired in matters of this kind, he easily succeeded in securing whatever money he needed. His absence occasioned no comment until several days after his disappearance, and only to-day have the true facts become known. Besides the money he secured here, it is alleged that through forged notes he has obtained largesums of money from parties in Indiana and Milwaukee. Agents from the former place are in this city investigating the legality of notes received from him. No steps have yet been taken by the authorities to cause his arrest, but no doubt warrants will be issued to-morrow. Many of his victims are loathe to take steps to bring about his apprehension, as he has showered many favors upon them, politically and otherwise.

WORSE AND MORE OF IT.

CHIPPEWA FALLS, Wis., July 9.—A great commotion has been created here by the disappearance of L. J. Newald, a well-known dealer in horse flesh, who, it is claimed, has a large sum of money in his possession, which has been obtained in one way or another from business associates. It is claimed that he left July 5, but the few who became aware of his departure kept quiet, and it was not made public till to-day. The amount he took is variously estimated, and some estimates are as high as $70,000. The wildest rumors are afloat. That he has disappeared does not seem to be doubted by the creditors. The money obtained appears to have been mostly borrowed, and wealthy men indorsed the notes. Of the many who were muleted, the Lumberman's National bank, Thomas Gaynor and H. W. Earley seem to be most deeply involved. The bank is reported to hold paper amounting to $8,000, Gaynor's is placed about $10,000, and Earley's about $4,000. A Milwaukee bank is also reported to be among the creditors. Newald was widely known among horsemen, and did a good deal of business in Illinois and other states. He has spent money freely, and how much he has with him will probably not be known. His brother is here looking into matters.

GRANT WAS HIS FRIEND.

Sudden Death of A. H. Davis, of La Crosse.

Special to the Globe.

LA CROSSE, Wis., July 9.—At 3 o'clock this afternoon A. H. Davis died of spinal complaint and paralysis. Deceased for a number of years preceding the war was a jobber of fruit and confectionery at Galena and a friend of Grant, who procured him the appointment of sutler of the Twenty-fifth Illinois. Mr. Davis came to La Crosse in 1866 and succeeded Grant & Burke in the leather trade. He was a large stockholder in the La Crosse tannery and vice president of the Batavian bank. He retired from business in 1886 at the age of sixty years.

DAMP FOR MILITIA.

The First Regiment Goes Into Camp in a Rain Storm.

Special to the Globe.

LAKE CITY, July 9.—The first day of camp for the First regiment was very wet. The eight companies from the North straggled in between 1 and 2 o'clock, tired and mad. What little time remained between that time and dress parade was used in putting sleeping tents in order. Dress parade was formed at 7 o'clock, and guard mount followed, Compony D being the first victims of the new order, making one entire company the guard detail for the day of twenty-four hours. There were several breaks, as would naturally be expected. The dress parade was fully up to any formed under similar circumstances. The wheels were generally good, and the men showed careful training in every movement. The total strength of the camp is 340—far short of the number expected, but Col. Bend feels satisfied that to-morrow evening will see at least 100 more men in camp. Companies F and K lead with fifty-one men each. The new system of guard mounting will place the entire responsibility of the day upon the company doing duty as guard that day. Company K will go on duty to-morrow at 7:30 p. m. Companies F, A, E, G, C, B, and I will follow in the order named. The new band of twenty-five pieces made a very favorable impression, and executed every movement with precision. Capt. Bentzoni, U. S. A., is the inspecting officer. He appears to be well pleased, all things considered. Lieut. Williams has everything in readiness for to-morrow's shoot, which commences at the range at 6 a. m., and continues two hours. A heavy rain early in the afternoon, followed by an aggravating drizzle, made life a burden for many of the soldiers. The new tents are perfectly waterproof, however.

The Deadlock Broken.

Special to the Globe.

HUDSON, Wis., July 8.—The board of education completed its work of electing teachers last evening, after a stormy session. It had been a deadlock for a number of weeks, the superintendent not asserting his right to vote, though the right was conceded to him by the attorney general. The state superintendent also advised him to vote and break the tie. He attempted it last evening, but was refused, the president of the board not even allowing the opinion of the attorney general to be read. The president refused to count the superintendent's vote, and to disclose a motion carried by it passed. This continued the deadlock until one faction, three in number, left the room in a body, declaring that the quorum was broken. The other three, with the superintendent, called one of their number to the chair and transacted business, electing a corps of teachers, except principal. The outcome is awaited with some interest, but there is not much doubt about the legality of the action.

STUBBORN SIOUX.

White Ghost and His Crowd Won't Sign.

CROW CREEK AGENCY, Dak., July 9.—At the council to-day, White Ghost, Drifting Ghost and Bull Ghost spoke on the part of the Indians, complaining of the failure of the government to treat them justly; that they formerly owned a vast territory, and that their lands had dwindled without getting anything for it until they had but little left, and now were asked to sell part of that. The commissioners spoke, giving reasons why the bill should be accepted, acknowledging that the Indians had grounds to complain of past treatment, but that whatever had been the action in the past the government now proposed to treat them fairly. The Indians complain that the Santees are benefited equally with themselves. Apart from the fear of the chiefs that the act of congress will result in the loss of their influence with their tribes, there is the fact that they have always been friendly. They are shown less consideration than any other of the Sioux tribes and their proposed reservation is much smaller in proportion to the number of Indians than any other. At the conclusion of the council those in favor of the bill began signing. It is impossible to say just what the result will be, but the prospects for getting the required three-fourths is not encouraging.

CLERGYMEN IN COUNCIL.

Second Annual Theological Institute in Session at Yankton.

Special to the Globe.

YANKTON, Dak., July 9.—The second annual theological institute convened in the Congregational church to-night, the address of welcome being delivered by Rev. Joseph Ward, president of Yankton college. Responses were made by Revs. S. Mills, of Huron, and Batty, of Milbank. The real business of the institute will begin to-morrow and continue sixteen days. Among the prominent clergymen in attendance are J. H. Fairchild, of Oberlin college; Dr. Duryea, of Omaha; Dr. Leviatt, of Cleveland; Dr. Merrill, of Minneapolis, and Prof. Scott, of Chicago Theological seminary. One hundred and fifty ministers will be in attendance by to-morrow night.

Skimmed at St. Cloud.

Special to the Globe.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., July 9.—The Prohibition county convention did not organize to-day owing to a delay in the arrival of some of the delagates. This evening a mass meeting was held addressed by H. F. Fanning, of Michigan, on behalf of the Prohibitionists.

Sheriff Howard, of Mille Lacs, to-day brought Wadena, the Indian murderer, to this city. He will remain in jail here until his trial, having been committed in default of $1,000 bail for assault in the first degree.

Raising Bananas.

Special to the Globe.

ROCHESTER, July 9.—Among the tropical plants to be found in the greenhouse of the Second Minnesota hospital is a banana of the fruit-bearing specie. Through the efforts of the hospital gardener, and by means of artificial heat, there has been developed a fruit-bearing stalk, which promises to produce a cluster of fruit that cannot be surpassed even in the tropics. At present there are twenty-seven bananas on it, and the indications are that there will be many more.

Regulars Will Train Militiamen.

DES MOINES, Io., July 9.—In response to a request from Gov. Larabee and Adjt. Gen. Alexander, the secretary of war and Maj. Gen. Schofield have given orders that a detachment of United States regulars shall encamp with each of the six regiments of the Iowa National guard next month. The regular troops will be taken from Fort Omaha. This assignment is for the improvement of the national guard. A similar assignment has been made in Pennsylvania.

Headed for Canada.

Special to the Globe.

NEW ROCKFORD, Dak., July 9.—Joseph Bolack, for three years treasurer of Tomlinson school district, is a defaulter to the amount of $2,700. He started for the Canadian line this afternoon, with the sheriff and his bondsmen hot on his trail. Bolack was to have settled with his successor to-day, and, being short, drew from the bank what money there was to the credit of the school district and skipped.

His Back Was Broken.

Special to the Globe.

DAVENPORT, Io., July 9.—Three men were painting a building from a scaffold this afternoon when it broke, letting them fall to the ground from a height of two full stories. One was unhurt, the other was injured in the foot; but these two fell upon W. J. Owens, the third one, and his back was broken. He is alive, but dying. The men all came from Chicago.

Strikers' Spirits Broken.

Special to the Globe.

DULUTH, Minn., July 9.—Work was commenced to-day at nearly all places where the recent rains had not made it impossible to do anything. Not a striker was to be seen anywhere, and it is believed that there will be no further trouble. Inquests on the two dead rioters will be held to-morrow. The injured are convalescing, and it is not thought that any more deaths will follow.

Horse Thieves at Chamberlain.

Special to the Globe.

CHAMBELAIN, S. D., July 9.—Horse thieves are again causing considerable trouble to the people living along the Missouri river. Last night several stablos in this city were broken into and four horses stolen. The sheriff is making every effort to capture the thieves.

Left Many Debts.

Special to the Globe.

PRESTON, Minn., July 9.—Jere Allis, proprietor of the Reliance stock farm, three miles and a half north of this place, has skipped for parts unknown. Allis was deeply in debt. His liabilities are not known, though he was indebted to Conkey Bros., millers of this place, a little over $1,000 for feed.

Failed to Run the Dam.

KILBOURN CITY, Wis., July 9.—Emil Plettig and Gus John, of Chicago, accompanied by a guide, attempted to run the dam in a row-boat, this morning. Plettig and John were drowned by the capsizing of the boat. The guide escaped by swimming ashore. The bodies have not been found.

WHY HE GAVE OUT.

Kilrain Was Not "Dosed," but Was Suffering From Disease.

Mitchell Knew of His Principal's Condition, but Donovan Did Not.

Kilrain Departs for Home, But the Champion Lingers and Gets Full.

Wrestler Muldoon Moralizes on the Brutality of Such Gladiatorial Contests.

NEW ORLEANS, July 9.—The pugilists and their friends, except Sullivan, Muldoon and Cleary, who created such a great furor here for the past week or two, have all left the city, and the populace are gradually quieting down and affairs assuming their normal condition. Kilrain, who was believed to have received such terrible punishment about the body, appeared this morning to be as fresh as the day. After his return from the battle field he was conveyed to the Southern Athletic club rooms and given a bath, after which he retired to his room. He vomited a greenish substance, some of which has been kept for analysis in order to determine whether he had been dosed (as he intimated) or not. Every convenience and accommodation was accorded him, and the janitor of the club assisted in attending him. Rumors that Kilrain had been suffering from disease had been freely circulated, and in order to satisfy himself whether this was true or not, the janitor watched Kilrain. He was evidently suffering great physical pain and appeared to walk with difficulty. The janitor was finally convinced that not only were the reports true, but that Kilrain had recently had a surgical operation performed on him. Dr. Dougherty, of Philadelphia, had been attending to him, and Kilrain had been taking medicine ever since his arrival here; in fact, on the day of his arrival he was seen taking medicine from a phial, but this, at the time, was believed to be some preparation which was intended to assist him in getting into condition for the fight. Dr. Dougherty states to some of the members of the club that he had been

TREATING KILRAIN FOR A "BOIL,"

from which he had been suffering for some time. These facts only became known in the club to-day, and the consequence was that there was a reversion of opinion in regard to Kilrain, and some of the members remarked, when he had gone, that they wished they had never invited him. Prof. Donovan stated that he did not know anything of this prior to the fight, otherwise he would have had nothing to do with it or he would not have allowed Jake Kilrain to enter the ring. Since the fact has become known, Kilrain's sluggish movements while walking, his disinclination to strip, and his aversion to take exercise as well as Mitchell's care that he should nottake any, and Kilrain's troubled looks, his rather cadaverous face, in fact, a hundred strange actions, words and looks, are all attributed to this. It is stated that Mitchell knew of Kilrain's ailing, but that Donovan did not. Prof. Robinson, in charge of the pupils of the Southern Athletic club, who witnessed the fight, stated openly on the train, while returning, that the fight was a colossal fake from beginning to end, and that Sullivan and Kilrain were both parties to it. This explained Sullivan's magnanimity towards Kilrain when he had him at his mercy several times during the fight, when he could quite easily have knocked him out. He professes to know all about sparring, and has seen a number of prize fights and is competent to judge. His assertions are made openly to the members of the club, and have evoked no little comment. Some allege that he is mistaken, for too

MANY HEAVY BLOWS WERE HIT,

and the principals received too much punishment. Kilrain arose this morning and desired to take a bath in the swimming tank, but was not permitted to do so. At an early hour the guests of the club gathered together their wardrobe and commenced packing up, and at 7:15 o'clock Kilrain, Mitchell, Murphy, Pony Moore and Dr. Dougherty left in carriages for the Texas & Pacific depot, and, boarding the train, left for the North via Texas, in order to avoid going back through Mississippi, where they feared arrest. Mr. Stevenson, Kilrain's backer, left the city yesterday afternoon via the Queen & Crescent line for his home. Kilrain was not suffering the least inconvenience from the body blows he had received, and was sounded by Dr. Dougherty, who tapped him in the ribs and chest with his fingers without causing Kilrain much pain. Marsh Redon, of this city, has deposited $100 to make a fight between the St. Joe Kid and Fallon, of Brooklyn, for from $1,000 to $2,500 a side, the fight to take place in November, within 200 miles of New Orleans, William E. Harding to be